## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (original): A method for analyzing an interaction between a sugar chain and a protein that interacts with a sugar chain, wherein the method comprises the steps of:

- (a) contacting a fluorescently labeled subject sugar chain or subject glycoconjugate with a substrate onto which a protein that interacts with a sugar chain has been immobilized; and
- (b) measuring the intensity of an excited fluorescence after applying an excitation light without washing the substrate.

Claim 2 (previously amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate onto which the protein that interacts with the sugar chain has been immobilized is a substrate coated with a compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group.

Claim 3 (original): The method of claim 2, wherein the compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group is 3-glycidoxypropyl trimethoxysilane (GTMS).

Claim 4 (original): A method for analyzing an interaction between a sugar chain and a protein that interacts a with sugar chain, wherein the method comprises the steps of:

- (a) contacting a protein that interacts with a fluorescently labeled sugar chain with a substrate onto which a subject glycoconjugate has been immobilized; and
- (b) measuring the intensity of an excited fluorescence after applying an excitation light without washing the substrate.

Claim 5 (previously amended): The method of claim 4, wherein the substrate onto which the subject glycoconjugate has been immobilized is a substrate coated with a compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group.

Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 5, wherein the compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group is 3-glycidoxypropyl trimethoxysilane (GTMS).

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Claim 7 (original): A method for analyzing an interaction between a sugar chain and a protein that interacts with a sugar chain, wherein the method comprises the steps of:

- (a) contacting a subject glycoconjugate with a substrate onto which a protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate has been immobilized;
- (b) contacting a fluorescently labeled protein that interacts with a sugar chain with the substrate obtained in step (a); and
- (c) measuring the intensity of an excited fluorescence after applying an excitation light without washing the substrate.

Claim 8 (previously amended): The method of claim 7, wherein the substrate onto which the protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate has been immobilized is a substrate coated with a compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group.

Claim 9 (original): The method of claim 8, wherein the compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group is 3-glycidoxypropyl trimethoxysilane (GTMS).

Claim 10 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims claim 7 [[to 9]], wherein the protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate is an antibody.

Claim 11 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims claim 1 [[to 10]], wherein the protein that interacts with a sugar chain is a lectin, an enzymatic protein comprising a sugar-binding domain, a cytokine having an affinity for a sugar chain, or an antibody that interacts with a sugar chain.

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Claim 12 (currently amended): The method of any one of claims claim 1 [[to 11]], wherein the excitation light is an evanescent wave.

Claim 13 (currently amended): The method of any of claims claim 1 [[to 12]], wherein the glycoconjugate is a glycoprotein, a proteoglycan, or a glycolipid.

Claim 14 (original): A substrate coated with a compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group and onto which a protein that interacts with a sugar chain or a protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate has been immobilized.

Claim 15 (original): The substrate of claim 14, wherein the compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group is 3-glycidoxypropyl trimethoxysilane (GTMS).

Claim 16 (currently amended): The substrate of claim 14 [[or 15]], wherein the protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate is an antibody.

Claim 17 (currently amended): The substrate of claim 14 [[or 15]], wherein the protein that interacts with a sugar chain is a lectin, an enzymatic protein comprising a sugar-binding domain, a cytokine having an affinity for a sugar chain, or an antibody that interacts with a sugar chain.

Claim 18 (currently amended): The substrate of any one of claims claim 14 [[to 17]], wherein the glycoconjugate is a glycoprotein, a proteoglycan, or a glycolipid.

Claim 19 (original): A method for producing a substrate, wherein the method comprises the steps of:

- (a) coating the substrate with a compound comprising an epoxy group as an active group; and
- (b) immobilizing a protein that interacts with a sugar chain or a protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate onto the substrate obtained in step (a).

Claim 20 (previously amended): The method of claim 19, wherein the protein that interacts with a region other than a sugar chain of a glycoconjugate is an antibody.

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Claim 21 (original): The method of claim 19, wherein the protein that interacts with a sugar chain is a lectin, an enzymatic protein comprising a sugar-binding domain, a cytokine having an affinity for a sugar chain, or an antibody that interacts with a sugar chain.

Claim 22 (currently amended):. The method of any one of claims claim 19 [[to 21]], wherein the glycoconjugate is a glycoprotein, a proteoglycan, or a glycolipid.

Claim 23 (new): The method of claim 4, wherein the protein that interacts with a sugar chain is a lectin, an enzymatic protein comprising a sugar-binding domain, a cytokine having an affinity for a sugar chain, or an antibody that interacts with a sugar chain.

Claim 24 (new): The method of claim 7, wherein the protein that interacts with a sugar chain is a lectin, an enzymatic protein comprising a sugar-binding domain, a cytokine having an affinity for a sugar chain, or an antibody that interacts with a sugar chain.

Claim 25 (new): The method of claim 4, wherein the excitation light is an evanescent wave.

Claim 26 (new): The method of claim 7, wherein the excitation light is an evanescent wave.

Claim 27 (new): The method of claim 4, wherein the glycoconjugate is a glycoprotein, a proteoglycan, or a glycolipid.

Claim 28 (new): The method of claim 7, wherein the glycoconjugate is a glycoprotein, a proteoglycan, or a glycolipid.